Doings of the Chiefs and Heads of the Various Departments.

The president and Secretary of Wa Lamont have changed the name of Sandy Hook to Fort Hancock in honor of the late General Hancock. This action is taken on the recommendation of General Miles, commander of the department of the east.

United States Minister Terrell cabled the state department Saturday that he had formally warned the sultan that Turkey will be held responsible for the safety and security of all American missionaries in the Ottoman empire. Minister Terrell's sudden, anxious efforts in behalf of American missionaries in Turkey are not without a good and sufficient cause. That their lives have been in jeopardy has been known to the well informed for months.

Secretary Carlisle has returned to Washington from Kentucky, where he registered. He will return there next ferson's career. President Thornton. Thursday and vote. The exodus of clerks and employes who intend to ex- | incident of the fire and the heroic efercise the right of suffrage in the November elections in the several states has commenced. Those living in Ohio and northern New York have, many of them, already gone and each outgoing train is carrying others. Many of the high officials are already at home. The exodus is said to be more general than last year.

United States Consul Stephan, a Annaberg, in a report to the state department, quotes Ernest Faber, the well known pencil maker, as deploring the condition of the lead pencil industry in Germany. He complains that the barbarous destruction of valuable cedar forests in America without replanting, has greatly increased the price of wood suitable for pencil making, while the Americans have literally swamped the British and Mexican and Indian markets with cut pencils.

The grand jury of the district Thursday afternoon returned an indictment against Miss Elizabeth Flagler, charged with manelaughter in the shooting of Ernest Green, the colored boy, last August, while he was picking up a pear from under a tree in the yard surrounding the Flagler residence. Miss Flagler is now under bail in the sum of \$10,000, based upon the proceedings before the coroner's jury. No new process will be necessary, the district attorney states, to secure her presence in court to plead to the indictment, and until a day is fixed for the trial no proceedings will occur in the case.

The Alaskan Line.

The report of the joint commissioners appointed under the convention made in 1892 between Great Britain and the United States for the survey of the territory of the United States and Canada, adjacent to the boundary be made in the course of the next fully arranged beforehand. three months.

General Duffield, chief of the coast and geodetic survey, is the commissioner on behalf of the United States, and D. F. King serves in a like capacity for Great Britain. The purpose of the survey is to furnish a basis for the determination of the line from altitude 54 degrees 40 minutes north, to where the boundary line encounters the 141st degree of longitude, which runs northward, making the eastern boundary of Alaska.

National Debt Increases.

The debt statement issued Friday shows a net increase in the public debt, less cash in the treasury, during October of \$5,321,472. The interestbearing debt was increased \$740. The non-interest-bearing debt decreased \$116,632 and cash in the treasury decreased \$5,437,364. The balance of the several classes of debt at the close of business October 31st were: Interest-bearing debt, \$747,361,500; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, \$1,681,670; debt bearing no interest, \$377,335,876. Total, \$1,126,

The certificates and treasury notes offset by an equal amount of cash in the treasury outstanding at the end of the month were \$591,102,673, a decrease of \$9,125,020. The total cash in the treasury was \$812,137,610.

The gold reserve was \$92,943,179. Net cash balance \$87,004,819. In the month there was a decrease in gold coin and bars of \$196,673, the total at the close being \$143,360,838. Of silver there was a decrease of \$4,594,-385. Of the surplus there was in national bank depositories \$15,513,185, against \$16,047,105 at the end of the preceding month.

Cleveland Gives Personal Orders As

to the Navy. A significant fact bearing on Mr. Cleveland's attitude towards Mr. Olney's" vigorous foreign policy" was disclosed Saturday. It is already for itself. known that work on the naval vessels under construction and on the ordinance has been hastened. The fact is now disclosed that this hastening of eral Fright Agent, W. A. Winburn; work was by the direct personal order General Passenger Agent, J. C. Haile; of the president himself. It is an un- Claim Agent, J. L. Graham. usual thing for the president to interfere in matters of this sort, they being left entirely to the secretary. The anxiety displayed by him in this instance to have the Maine and the other vessels completed and fitted for actual service as soon as possible and his going to the extent of personally directing that the work be pressed, is, therefore, quite significant.

order of the secretary of the navy the the new company. season's work of the naval war college was directed to the study of a plan of defense of the New England coast from Nantucket northward against a naval

force such as Great Britain could send against us; and to a study of naval movements by which the North Atlantic squadron could best oppose a large naval force in the gulf of Mexico and the Caribbean sea this winter. A study of the methods of defense of Gardiner's bay and the New York harbor was begun with the equadron in the spring, but was not completed.

The work on the New England coast was completed and the answer as to the best mode of defense was worked out and will be kept secret. The problems worked out at the college are disclosed in the report of the bureau. The significant fact is, however, that the work was by special order and that the president gave the order hastening work on the vessels being constructed.

To Restore The Buildings.

Secretary Herbert presided at an enthusiastic meeting of several hundred alumni and friends of the University of Virginia at Washington Saturday night, which was called to take action regarding the conflagration some days ago which destroyed the most important edifices of that famous institution. In calling the meeting to order the secretary declared that the university was the crowning work of Thomas Jefof the university, vividly described the forts of the students to save the valuable collections, especially the priceless historical documents contained in the library, and announced that mature plans of the faculty would be laid before the board of visitors for the immediate restoration of the central building and the construction of four distinct buildings for the departments of law, physics and engineering and the academical branches.

Postmaster General Wilson asserted that Jefferson, Madison and Monroe established the university as an essential feature of the United States, knowing that the nation could only survive with such educational institutions, Gardiner S. Hubbard, of Massachusetts, showed that the university was the first that was worthy of the name in America and that even Harvard

adopted its example. Thomas Nelson Page presented resolutions regretting the calamity, advocating the restoration according to Jefferson's original plans and commending the action of the students, which were adopted. Solicitor General Conrad claimed that the whole nation was interested in the perpetuity of an institution which set the standard of personal honor so high among its students and spread its influence for truth and honesty over the entire country. A committee was appointed to secure subscriptions to restore the university buildings.

CENTRAL CHANGES.

The Transfer Made and New Officers Elected.

At midnight of Nov. 1st the property of the Central Railroad and Banking Company of Georgia was formally transferred to the Central of Georgia Railroad Company. The transfer was line dividing Alaska and Canada, will | brief, as every detail had been care-

The vice president of the temporary organization, Mr. Ralph L. Anderson, Jr., of New York, has issued a circular stating the fact of the transfer to the new company. The temporary officers of the new company, elected by the temporary board of directors, are as follows:

Vice President-Ralph L. Ander-

Secretary-William E. Finley. Treasurer-W. A. C. Ewen.

General Counsel-Henry Crawford. All the temporary officers are New York men. The following general officers have been named in the vicepresident's circular: Lawton & Cunningham, general solicitors, Savannah; Theodore D. Kline, general superintendent rail lines, in charge of transportation, road and machinery department, Savannah; William F. Shellman, traffic manager of rail lines, Savannah; William Hawn, auditor of rail lines, Savannah; Walter Askew, assistant treasurer, Savannah; J. F. Comer, purchasing agent, Savannah, and J. P. Beckwith, general freight and passenger agent steamship lines. New York,

In addition to the work of the new company, all the officers will perform such duties as may be required of them in completing the unfinished work of the receivers.

The receivers continue in charge of the Montgomery and Eufaula, the Mobile and Girard and the Savannah and Atlantic railroads until after the sales of those properties and the confirmation of the same by the court.

No president has been elected by the new company, and none will be elected for fifteen or twenty days. Then a permanent board of directors will be named and Mr. H. M. Comer will be elected president.

The policy of the new company as stated in the circular is "that the property shall be operated in its own interests so as to make the best results

Major W. F. Shellman, traffic manager, has announced the following appointments in his department: Gen-

Circular No. 1, issued by General Superintendent T. D. Kline, makes the following appointments:

Superintendent of Transportion-F. S. Jett; Chief Engineer-William Hunter; Superintendent Main Stem Division-S. C. Hoge; Superintendent Southwestern Division-B. C. Epperson; Superintendent Savannah and Western Division-T. S. Moise. All Interest is added by the fact that by minor employes have been retained by

> A sour that feels no secret sin is above all things most happy.

FLORIDA BRIEFS.

ITEMS OF INTEREST GATHERED AT RANDOM.

News from all Parts of the State Summarized.

The governor has appointed Eugene F. McKinney, of West Palm Beach, to be notary public at large.

Osceola county is the cattle section of South Florida and the industry is improving each year. A few days since Mr. C. O. Carson contracted with a Tampa firm to deliver 500 head of beef cattle during November. The cattle are being gathered now for shipment.

Clerk Wolff, of the Nassau county court, has received a telegram from State's Attorney Hartridge ordering the adjournment of the Nassau circuit court sine die. This will postpone the fall term till December. The cause is the serious illness of the wife of Judge

Census-takers come across some very queer people. In this case Mr. R. B. Carpenter reports finding, in the country near Tallahassee, an old colored woman 110 years of age. She claims to have been a servant in the home of George Washington in Virginia. She is totally helpless.

Judge Phillips, of Tampa, has issued a mandamus compelling the county commissioners of Polk county to issue licenses to the liquor dealers who have applied for them. The county went "dry" at the last election, but it is claimed that the election was illegal and that the majority of the electors were in favor of saloons.

What little Cuban news has come direct to Tampa the past week concerns the attitude of Spain towards the United States, rather than the actual progress of the insurrection itself. A telegram from Madrid describes the feeling in court and official circles there as extremely bitter toward this country, because of the attitude of the cabinet whenever the Cuban question has been brought to the

The finest yacht ever put up this side of Mason and Dixon's line may now be seen on the ways at Captain W. W. Swett's boatyard at Tampa. Designed by the famous New York yachtsman and builder, A. Carey Smith, this boat is being built to the order of Mr. Chester W. Chapin, and even to the unpracticed eye of the amateur her lines and general set-up indicate both speed and staunchness. The new yacht is 61 feet end 3 inches over all and 43 on the water line, 16 feet beam, and she will draw just 5

The fish wharves at Tampa present lively scenes these days. The water front is constantly lined with all sorts and conditions of craft, from the big clipper-built boat down to the dingy little smack that has seen better days. Some idea of the fish brought in may be gathered from the fact that John Savarese alone, in one day, received 18,000. Many of these were, of course, mullet, of which the supply now seems as inexhaustible as did the supply of mackerel in northern seas ten years

An Important Order.

An order has been received from Judge Locke, of the United States court, and filed in the clerk's office at Jacksonville in the case of Errington, et al., vs. the First National Bank of Orlando, et al. The order is to the effect that the court decrees that the complainants have leave to amend the prayer of his bill as to setting aside the consolidation and the appointment of a receiver, so that the prayer shall. in lieu thereof, pray that it be decreed that the assets transferred by the Citizens' National bank be held in trust by the latter bank for the payment of the plaintiff's share, to be ascertained, and upon said amendment being made the demurrer be overruled, otherwise the demurrer be sustained. The defendants are to have until the December rule day to plead or answer. The order was made by Judge Locke, in open court, at Tampa

Florida Railroads in It.

President Samuel Spencer, of the Southern railway, says:

"The successful formation of the Southern States' Freight Association and the putting of the agreement into practical operation have had a steadying effect on rates and created a confidence which has not existed in the south for two or three years.

"I now understand that the Florida Central and Peninsular railway will at once become a member of the association. It has not been a member for some years. This will bring into the association the Florida lines of the Plant system, which have heretofore been outside of it on account of the non-membership of the Florida Central A British Steamer Carries 14,026 Two Participants Were Killed and a

All this materially strengthens the association and increases confidence. Ii rates are as well maintained as is now expected, the small cotton crop, as compared with last year, will not injuriously affect the earnings of southern railways. This is particularly true of the lines east of the Missisвіррі."

The Nassau Line.

will put on a line of steamers this and is a record breaker.

winter between Palm Beach and Nassau, N. P., the people who were arranging to put on a regular line between Jacksonville and Nassau have abandoned the project. They were negotiating for the purchase of a small steamship which was to have arrived about October 15. The steamship has

not yet arrived and the promoters of the line have about given up the idea. The falling through of this line, however, does not mean that there will be no steamer to Nassau from Jacksonville this season, as there is a steamer being built right in port that will probably be put into service on this route. It is the steamer Three Friends, which is now nearly completed. The Three Friends belongs to the Broward brothers and Geo. A. DeCottes. It is a staunch vessel and is built with a view of carrying passengers and freight, and there is little doubt but that she will be put on the Nassau line and will secure the mail contract.

November Weather.

The following is an outline of the weather that may be expected for November, deduced from observations of twenty-four years, by the weather bu-

Temperature. - Mean or normal temperature, 62 degrees; the warmest November was that of 1881, with an average of 66 degrees; the coldest November was that of 1872, with an average of 56 degrees; the highest temperature during any November was 86 degrees on November 13, 1889; the lowest temperature during any November was 26 degrees, on November 21, 1887.

Precipitation. - Average for the month, 2.52 inches; average number of days with .01 of an inch or more, 8; the greatest monthly precipitation was 6.09 inches, in 1880; the least monthly precipitation was .09 inches, 1887; the greatest amount of precipitation recorded in any 24 consecutive hours was 3.75 inches on November 27 and 28, 1884.

Clouds and Weather. - Average number of clear days, 11; average number of partly cloudy days, 11; average number of cloudy days, 8.

Wind.—The prevailing winds have been from the northeast; the highest velocity of the wind during any November was 36 miles, on November 13,

Postmaster Robbed Uncle Sam.

A curious case that has come up at the present term of the United States court at Tampa is that of a colored postmaster from DeSoto county. His appointment was far from acceptable to the citizens of the town, and they immediately proceeded to get even

with him. This is the way they did it: In the lower grade postoffices the incumbent's remuneration depends on the number of postage stamps cancelled, and it is strictly no cancellations, no pay. The people of the town in question knew this as well as anybody, and when the mail train came they mailed their letters, thus depriving the postmaster of his revenues.

In the meantime, the colored postmaster had the pleasure of handling the incoming mail and doing the drudgery of the office. But there was no money, and when he was discovered to be \$100 short in his accounts, it was generally conceded that he had taken that way of getting even, and his arrest followed.

Colonel Trabue appears for the prisoner and takes for his ground that his client is entitled to compensation and has filed a claim against the government for \$1,500-a new departure, but one which has evidently something

Want No More Deposits.

A few days ago the people of Orlando were startled by the statement that the First National Bank of Orlando had refused to receive any further deposits, and there were all sorts of wild rumors that the bank was going to suspend, that the officers were going to move away, etc. Still it did not produce as much excitement as one would expect, following so soon upon the dismissal of the cases against the officers connected with the bank at the time of its failure, a few years

Investigation showed that they had taken this step from purely husiness motives. The reasons, as stated by President W. B. Jackson, were that the directors at a recent meeting decided that they could not safely loan money entrusted to them and thusabout their only source of income had disappeared, while every dollar deposited with them added to their responsibility and increased the amount of work they had to do and added to the cares of their bookkeeper. They have no intention of surrendering their charter and will continue to do all kinds of banking, except receiving deposits. They state that they have sufficient money on hand to meet any immediate demands. and will work to make sufficient out of their assets to meet the thousands of dollars of outstanding time certificates which were issued at the time the bank resumed, and they say they hope to be able to do so.

BIG CARGO OF COTTON.

Bales from Brunswick. The British steamship the Lord Ern, J. Dunn, master, capacity 3,647 tons, the biggest steamship ever loaded between Baltimore and New Orleans, cleared from Brunswick for Liverpool Thursday carrying a mixed cargo composed of 14,026 tales of cotton, 180 ons of cotton seed, 750 tons of phosphate and 10,000 feet of poplar wood. The total valuation was \$594,142. This shipment of cotton is the largest ever Since H. M. Flagler, the Standard recorded at Brunswick from any port Oil magnate, has announced that he between Baltimore and New Orleans

DURRANT GUILTY.

THE JURY SAY HE MURDERED POOR BLANCHE LAMONT.

The Verdict Generally Approved -- At torneys Will Appeal.

Theodore Durrant is the murderer of Blanche Lamont. That was the verdict of the jury at San Francisco Friday afternoon, after being out twentyeight minutes. The verdict was received with a shout of applause from the audience who packed the court-

The closing scene of the great trial was full of dramatic interest, pathos and excitement. The district attorney's peroration was an able effort. Link by link the chain had been welded until it had been shown beyoud doubt that Durrant had murdered Blanche Lamont on April 3d by strangulation.

The charge of Judge Murphy occu pied a little over an hour in delivery. As soon as the court completed the charge Mr. Dickinson took an exception on the ground that his honor had not read the instructions submitted as the defense had written them. The jury was then given in charge of two deputy sheriffs and conducted to the jury room.

Suppressed excitement was manifested thoughout the courtroom and the corridors outside during the wait which succeeded the departure of the jury. There was a great deal of speculation as to how long the jury would remain out.

On the First Ballot.

The jury took the first ballot, which was for murder in the first degree. Word was sent at once to the court and Judge Murphy sent for the jury. While this was going on Durrant sat in the courtroom beside his counsel conversing with his mother and several of ber lady friends.

As soon as Mrs. Durrant learned that the jury was coming in her demeanor changed from one of gayety and a look of dread came over her face, which was not reflected in that of her son. He stoically watched the jurymen as they took their seats, as if to get from their features the import of the verdict which their early return

As Foreman Dutton pronounced the verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree the large audience which had listened in perfect silence for the words which he was to utter, rose and uttered a yell which echoed far out in the corridors.

Most of those in the audience were women. The cries which went up from them fell upon the ear of the convicted murderer's mother like a blow and it brought her the first realization of the force of the words of the foreman. Her face was averted as she had nerved herself for the ordeal, but though possessed of marvelous courage, a cry burst from her lips, followed by a hysterical outburst of sobs.

As he listened intently to the words which sealed his fate Durant partially rose from his seat. The look on his face was one of defiance and it was apparent that he had it in mind to address the jury. The first cry from his mother changed his mind if he had such intention. He sat down, turned to his mother, and took her fondly in

As the jurymen marched by Durrant and his mother they looked sympathetically upon the sad picture of the weeping woman upon the shoulder of her condemned son.

Then Judge Murphy announced that next Friday he would pass sentence upon Durrant and at the time he would fix the time for beginning the trial of Durrant for the murder of Minnie

Meets With Approbation.

The verdict of the jury meets with general approbation. The town is wild over it and it resembled the aftermath of an election. Durrant himself takes it coolly and says he has not yet lost hope. His attorney will appeal to the supreme court on a bill of exceptions, the material for which accumulated during the trial.

TROOPS FIRE ON A MOB.

Would-be Lynchers Stopped by Bullets-Two Men Killed.

In an attempt early Sunday morning to avenge the murder of August Schultz, the city marshal of Tiffin, O., who was shot down in cold blood by Leander J. Martin, alias Williams, a farmer of Hopewell township, a few days ago, two more victims were added to the trigic affair. At 1:30 o'clock a mob of 150 infuriated men, many of whom were under the influence of liquor, attacked the jail in an effort to secure Martin and hang him. A volley from a half dozen Winchesters met. them and two of the mob were killed. At daylight crowds began to gather

in the vicinity of the jail and Sheriff Van Nest, fearing further troubie, called out company C, of the Sixteenth regiment, Ohio national guards, to maintain order.

RIOT AMONG NEGROES.

Number Injured.

A bloody riot occurred among a crowd of negroes in Bossier Parish. La., fifteen miles from Shreveport, in which two were killed and several injured. A negro implicated in the killing has been arrested. He stated that his name was Albert Hicks, and that he shot one of the negroes in self-defense. The shooting occured at a negro cabin at a plantation near Houghton, La. The cause of the trouble was a family row which ended in a general riot in which pistols were freely used.

The Inequality of Por "It's r'al'y discouragin'," er Corntossel, as he laid do

"What is?" inquired his "Ter see so many first-cla thet don't git ter be nothing fourth-class postmastera."_ ton Star.

Ice tongs are among the fads, and fill a long-felt dling ice. They show a sp end and a claw at the other.

Trips Undertaken for Health Will be rendered more benef fatigues of travel counteracted, tra will take along with him Hostetter will take along with him Hoxetter Bitters, and use that protective and tonic, nerve invigorant and appeal larly. Impurities in air and water is ized by it, and it is a matchless than regulator of the stomach, liver and it counteracts malaria, rheumaticularly to kidney and bladder allowed.

Sympathy never goes very farus

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The More One Uses Parker's Gin the more its virtues are revealed in colds, indigestion, pain and every w

It takes an expert to find the exp



Tainted Blood

Poisoned my whole system, local being the origin of my suffering. My and arras swelled and sores broke out nervous system was shattered and I be helpless. Medical treatment availed not

Hood's Sarsapari gave me vitality at once. I gained and the sores disappeared. I gained and was finally restored to health."
ELBRIDGE E. SMITH, P. O. address, Granville, Mass. Get Hoop's.

Hood's Pills are tasteless, mild,

"A Penny Saved is a Penny Earned.

But a penny saved I buying a poor article of food is a dollar lost to the doctor.

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and rich man's delight. Matures North or South's four months. Plant any time up to the 20th of Juse 20,000 farmers supplied and every one praises it. Has produced over sixty bushels per acre. Some prefer is to store coffee. Produces two crops a year in the South. Large packet postpaid 20 cents, or emough to plant 200 hills. 50 cents or stamps. Will make 200 puts of most delicious coffee, good enough fer a king. Is superseding store coffee as fast as its merits become known. Large catalogue of fifty ner varieties of seeds and testimonials from patrons all over the Union sent free with each order by

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